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## Corporate Income/Net Receipts Tax: TCJA Impacts

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### Overview

#### Tax Cuts and Jobs Act Provisions and The Corporate Income/Net Receipts Tax Model

In December 2017, President Trump signed the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) into law.

This legislation included a reduction in the corporate income tax from 35% to 21% and a myriad of other provisions.

Most of the legislation went into effect January 1, 2018, six months into Washington's 2017-19 fiscal biennium.

The Corporate Income/Net Receipts Tax Model must account for the TCJA provisions. This presentation discusses our approach and shares some tentative results.



## Approach

#### Approach to modelling impact of TCJA provisions

- 1. Prepare a counterfactual model of US corporate income taxes (to 2019)
  - Based on the pre-TCJA tax structure and 2008-16 data/statistics
  - Project forward based on growth in corporate profits.
- 2. Adapt model to account for effects of TCJA provisions
  - Primarily using the Joint Committee on Taxation's (JCT) December 2017 estimates of TCJA provisions' budget impacts.
- 2a. Account for interactions between certain key TCJA provisions.

3. Reconcile model to actual IRS tax collections by treating residual as a change in deductions.



## Implementation of JCT Budget Impacts

#### **Characterization of Most TCJA Provisions and Impact to Model**

Type of Provision	<b>Budget Impact</b>	Implementation in Model
Total Income	+ <i>X</i>	Increase Total Income by $\frac{X}{.21}$
Deduction	- <i>X</i>	Increase Deductions by $\frac{X}{.21}$
Credit	-X	Increase Credits by X
Alternative Tax	+ <i>X</i>	Increase Alternative Taxes by X

 $Taxable_{US} = Total Income_{US} - Total Deductions_{US} - Special Deductions_{US} - NOL_{US}$ 

$$Taxable_{US} = \frac{TaxDue_{US} + Total \ Credits_{US} - Alternative \ Taxes_{US}}{Tax \ Rate_{US}}$$

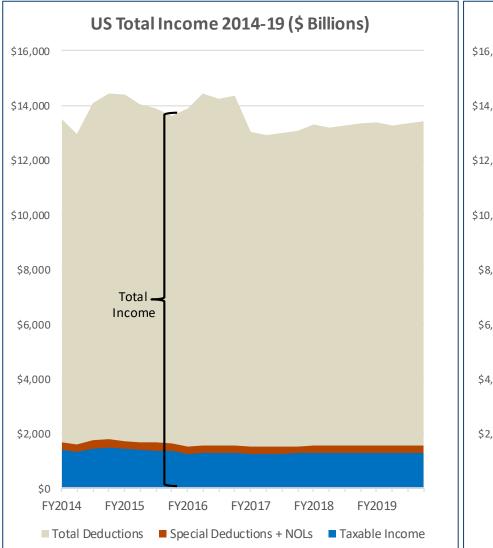


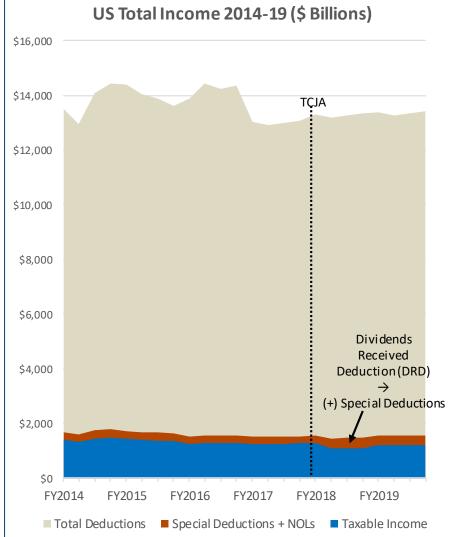
## Interactions between TCJA Provisions

#### **Modelled Interactions**

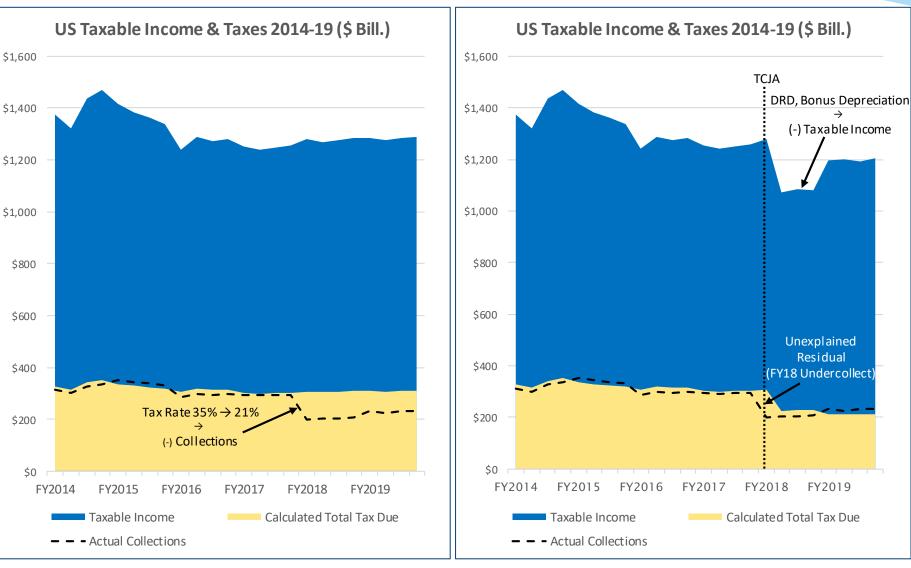
- 1. Reduction in Tax Rate:  $\downarrow$  Foreign Tax Credits (FTCs)
- 2. Deduction for Dividends Received from Foreign Corporations:  $\downarrow$  FTCs
- 3. Tax on Deemed Repatriation of Foreign Income:  $\uparrow$  FTCs



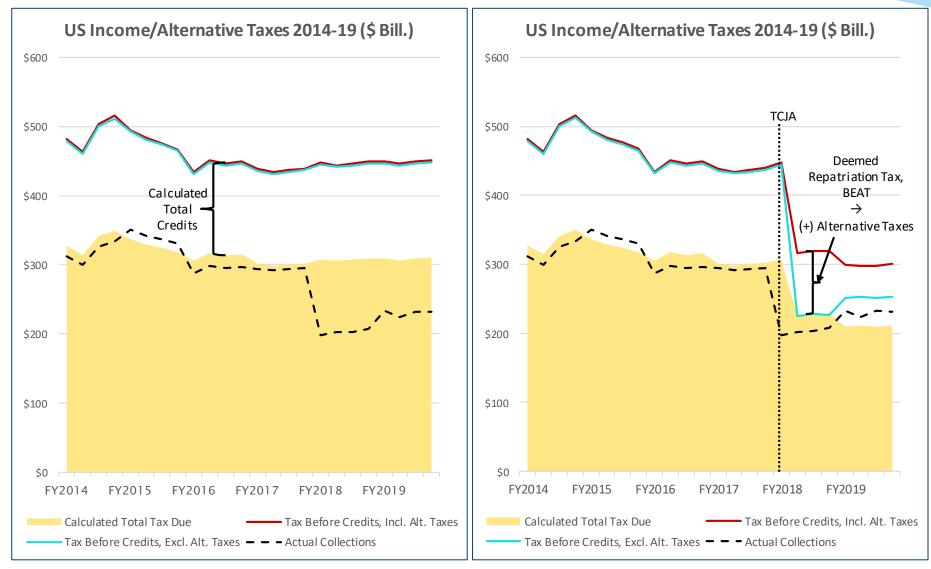




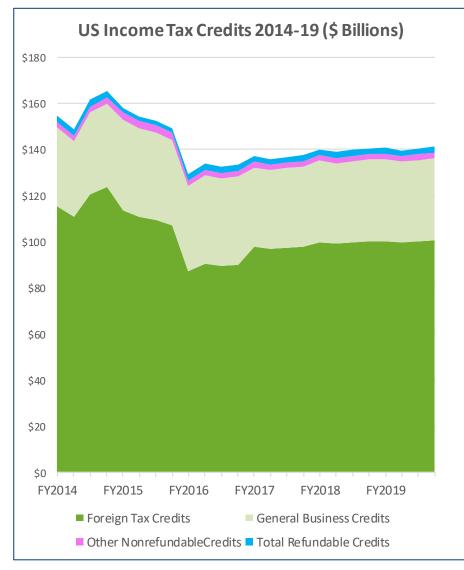


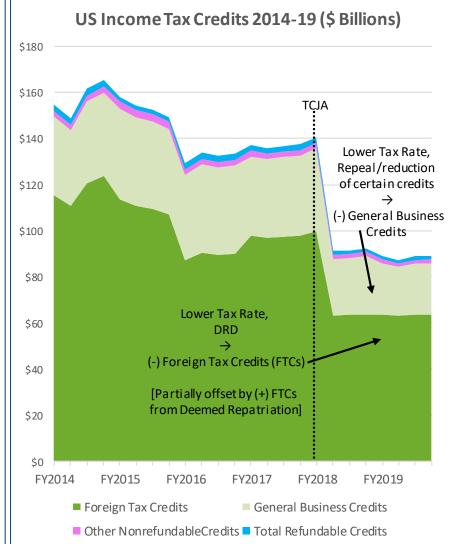












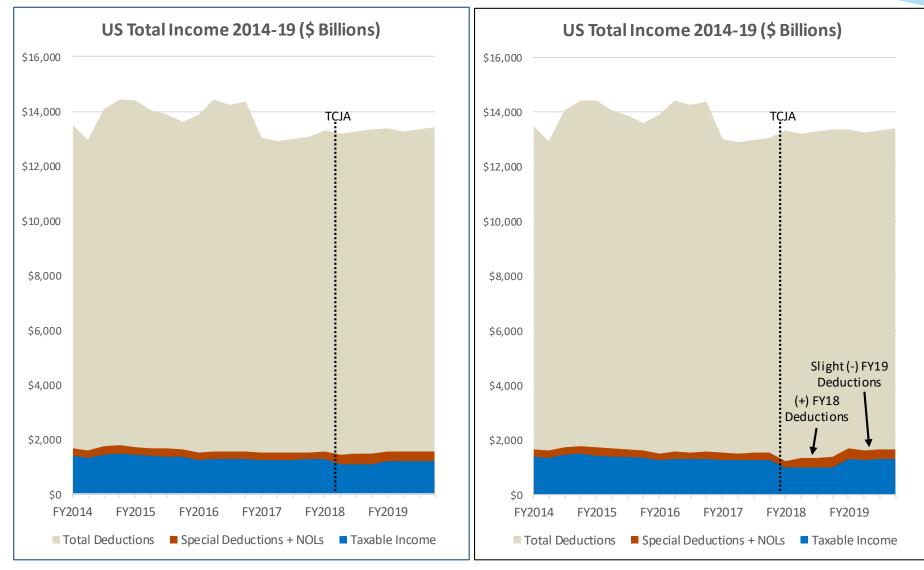


**Technical Advisory Group Question 1** 

What is a reasonable estimate of (or way of estimating) the average foreign tax rate on deemed repatriated foreign earnings of US corporations? (This tax rate is likely relatively low, because pre-TCJA, there was a stronger incentive for taxpayers to avoid repatriating earnings from low tax jurisdictions.)



#### Modeled TCJA Impacts





Slight(-)FY19

Deductions

TCJA

(+) FY18

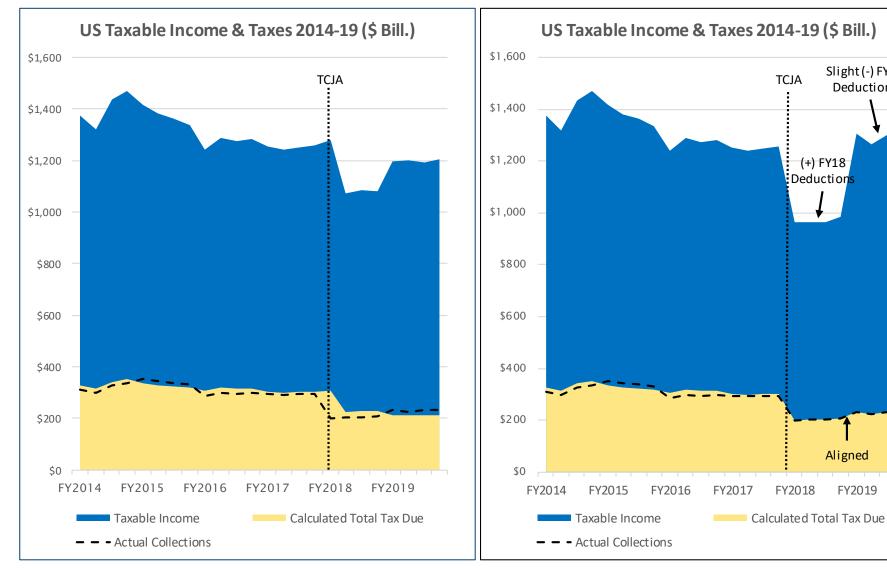
Deductions

Aligned

FY2019

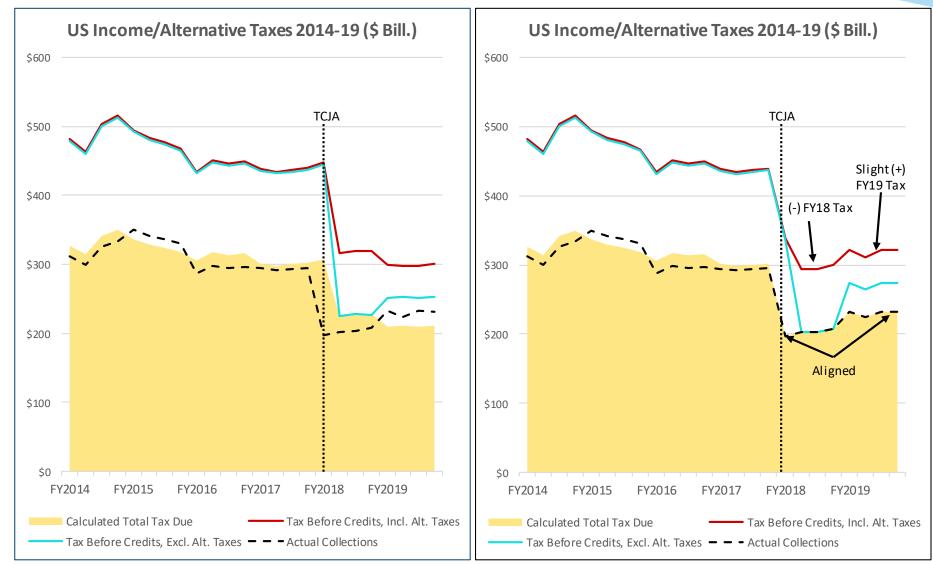
FY2018

#### **Modeled TCJA Impacts**



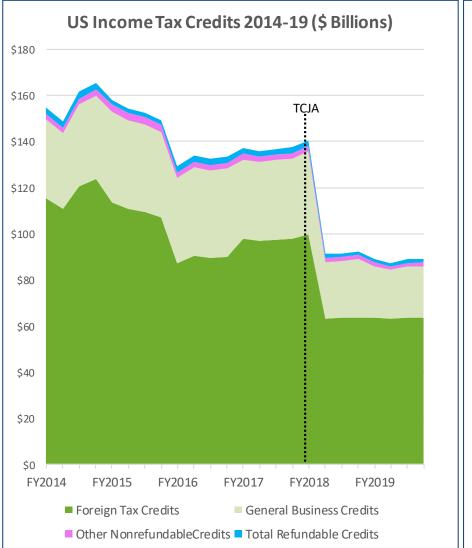


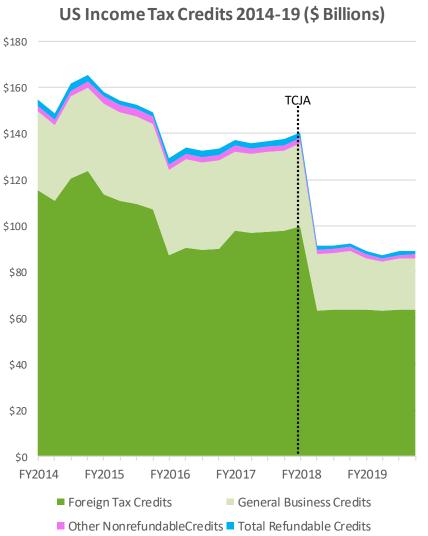
#### **Modeled TCJA Impacts**





#### Modeled TCJA Impacts







**Technical Advisory Group Question 2** 

We welcome any suggestions relating to data sources, methods, and references.



# **Questions for us?**