

"Working together to fund Washington's future"

Nexus and Apportionment

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Washington Nexus

The corporate income/net receipts model and VAT/margins tax models for 2017-19 biennium implicitly rely on (then) current nexus and apportionment rules for the B&O.

Nexus: A business must report B&O in Washington if certain criteria are met.

The criteria have changed over time and previously differed between retailing, wholesaling, and service activities.



Washington Nexus (Current Rules)

- A business must report B&O tax (and sales tax) if any of the following apply to the business in the current or prior year:
 - $_{\odot}$ It has physical presence nexus in WA.
 - $_{\odot}$ It has > \$100,000 of combined gross receipts in WA.
 - It is organized or commercially domiciled in WA.
- These thresholds apply to retailing, wholesaling, and service and other activities.
- Physical presence nexus requires only more than the slightest presence e.g.: 1+ employee in WA, owning/renting property in the state, inventory in the state, soliciting sales in WA, etc.



Washington Nexus Rules July 2017 - Present

| Period | July - Dec 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020- |
|---------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Retailing B&O | Physical presence, \$267k receipts, 25% WA receipts | Physical presence, \$285k receipts, 25% WA receipts | Physical presence, \$285k receipts, 25% WA receipts | Physical presence, \$100k receipts, Commercial domicile |
| Wholesaling B&O | WA residence or domicile, \$267k receipts, \$53k of WA payroll/property 25% any factor | WA residence or domicile, \$285k receipts, \$57k payroll \$57k property 25% any factor | WA residence or domicile, \$285k receipts, \$57k payroll \$57k property 25% any factor | Physical presence, \$100k receipts, Commercial domicile |
| Services & Other | WA residence or domicile, \$267k receipts, \$53k payroll \$53k property 25% any factor | WA residence or domicile, \$285k receipts, \$57k payroll \$57k property 25% any factor | WA residence or domicile, \$285k receipts, \$57k payroll \$57k property 25% any factor | Physical presence, \$100k receipts, Commercial domicile |



Apportionment

Apportionment: Business that are taxable in Washington and other state(s) determine their Washington B&O taxable income by:

B&O Taxable = Apportionable Income × Receipts Factor

where:

 $Receipts \ Factor = \frac{WA \ Income}{Worldwide \ Income - Throwout \ Income}$



Apportionment: Throwout Income

Receipts Factor = WA Income Worldwide Income - Throwout Income

Throwout Income: Gross income from apportionable activity that:

- Is attributed to a state where the taxpayer is not taxable in another state, but
- At least some of the activity is performed in Washington.



Sourcing Income

- Typically, income is sourced based on location good/service is received.
 - At business location of seller?
 - o Place of delivery/receipt?
 - Address available in business records?
 - Other address available, such as billing address?
 - Origin of delivery/shipment/transmission
- Special rules apply, for example, to: financial services, leases/rentals, direct mail transactions, watercrafts, manufactured/mobile homes, telecommunication services.



Attribution of Apportionable Income

 If an activity of a business is attributable to Washington and 1 or more other states/jurisdictions, attribution of income from that activity follows a "cascading series of steps."

o ** Proportionately with benefit received **;

- State of primary (50%+) benefit;
- State from which customer ordered service;
- State to which billing statements/invoices are sent;
- State from which customer sends payment;
- State of customer address listed in business records/contract;
- State of taxpayer's commercial domicile.



Questions for us?